



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Sixth Semester - 2017  
Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

Roll No. ....

PAPER: Urban Sociology  
Course Code: SOC-310

TIME ALLOWED: 2 hrs. & 30 mins.  
MAX. MARKS: 50

*Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.*

**PART II: Attempt Any Two**

**15 marks each**

**(Total: 30)**

1. What is the origin of urban life? What factors have contributed to the rise and decline of cities? Discuss with examples.
2. Research has shown that juvenile delinquency is higher in urban areas compared to rural areas. What according to you might be the factors in urban areas that contribute to the increase in juvenile delinquency in the cities?
3. Define urban sociology and discuss its importance as a subject.

**PART III: Attempt any Four Questions with examples. 5 marks each (total 20)**

1. City
2. Urbanization
3. Metropolis
4. Any one urban problem
5. Social relations in larger cities



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TIME ALLOWED: 30 mins.  
MAX. MARKS: 10

*Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.*

**PART A: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS: 10 Marks**

(Circle the correct answer)

1	Most of the future urban growth is expected to be in the developing countries.	True False
2	Metropolitan area is the city and its surrounding area that is under direct influence of the city through road linkages, frequent transport and commuting facilities.	True False
3	High urban growth contributes to the development of a country.	True False
4	Good healthcare in the rural areas is a PUSH factor for rural to urban migration.	True False
5	Most of the future urban growth is expected to be in the developed countries.	True False
6	According to the initial findings of the 2017 Census of Pakistan, urban population is nearly 35 million.	True False
7	Town is a city and its surrounding area that is under direct influence of the city through road linkages, frequent transport and commuting facilities.	True False
8	Islamabad has the highest proportion of urban population in Pakistan.	True False
9	The annual rate of urbanization in Pakistan during 2005-10 was 3.1.	True False
10	Urban refers to the increase in the population of cities overtime in relation to the rural population.	True False



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Sixth Semester - 2018  
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No. ....

**PAPER: Urban Sociology**  
**Course Code: SOC-310 Part – II**

**TIME ALLOWED: 2 Hrs. & 45 Min.**  
**MAX. MARKS: 50**

**Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.**

## **Question #: 2**

**Questions with Short answers**  
**Marks: (5 x 4 = 20 Marks)**

1. Urbanism
2. Metropolis
3. Community
4. Public health as an urban issue
5. Slums

## **Question #: 3**

**Questions with Brief answers**  
**Marks: (10x3=30) Marks)**

- Q1. Define urban sociology and discuss its academic importance
- Q2. Write in detail about trends of urbanization in Pakistan.
- Q3. Highlight the main social problems of the cities in Pakistan and also suggest remedial measures to resolve those problems.



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Sixth Semester - 2018

**Examination: B.S. 4 Years**

Roll No. ....

**PAPER: Urban Sociology**

**TIME ALLOWED: 15 Min.**

**Course Code: SOC-310 Part – I (Compulsory)**

**MAX. MARKS: 10**

**Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.**

**Please encircle the correct option. Each MCQ carries 1 Mark. This Paper will be collected back after expiry of time limit mentioned above.**

**Question #: 1**

**(10x1=10)**

1. What is one of the primary factors that draw people from rural areas to urban areas?
  - a. More open space
  - b. Heat islands
  - c. Less population
  - d. More jobs
  
2. The shift of a population from the countryside to cities is called.....
  - a. Infrastructure
  - b. Urbanization
  - c. Land preservation
  - d. An ecological footprint
  
3. Transportation systems, communication systems, water services, power supplies, schools, and hospitals are all examples of .....
  - a. Ecological footprints
  - b. Rural areas
  - c. Infrastructure
  - d. Land use
  
4. Urban sprawl increases carbon dioxide emissions by .....
  - a. Resulting in more tree growth
  - b. Expanding the use of public transportation
  - c. Generating more factories
  - d. Increasing the need to drive
  
5. Which of the following is a principle of smart growth?
  - a. Protecting wildlife habitats
  - b. Building up, not spreading out
  - c. Focusing development outside of existing cities
  - d. Creating neighborhoods that require cars to get around

**(P.T.O.)**

6. **Urban sprawl affects which of the following?**
- a. Pollution
  - b. **Public health**
  - c. Economics
  - d. All of these
7. **The approach to development LEAST likely to result in sprawl is**
- a. Strip mall development
  - b. High-density multi-use development
  - c. Leapfrog development
  - d. Low-density single-use development
8. **Which statement about sustainable cities is true?**
- a. No major cities have made significant progress toward sustainability yet
  - b. They can help improve the standard of living for residents
  - c. They are only successful in the developed world
  - d. They often help encourage sprawl
9. **Saving energy and other resources without sacrificing people's comfort is the goal of**  
.....
- a. Green building design
  - b. Urban growth boundaries
  - c. Zoning
  - d. Greenways
10. **In past Pakistan's population had relatively \_\_\_\_\_ growth rate.**
- a. Low
  - b. Medium
  - c. High
  - d. High none of these



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

B.S. 4 Years Program / Sixth Semester – 2019

Paper: Urban Sociology

Course Code: SOC-310 Part – I (Compulsory)

Time: 15 Min. Marks: 10

Roll No. in Fig. ....

Roll No. in Words. ....

Signature of Supdt.: .....

**ATTEMPT THIS PAPER ON THIS QUESTION SHEET ONLY.**

**Division of marks is given in front of each question.**

**This Paper will be collected back after expiry of time limit mentioned above.**

**Q.1. Encircle the correct choice.**

**(1x10=10)**

**1. Urbanization is a \_\_\_\_\_ process.**

- a. Straight lined
- b. Cyclical
- c. Social
- d. None of these

**2. The current level of urbanization in Pakistan is \_\_\_\_\_ in SAARC Countries.**

- a. Highest
- b. Normal
- c. Lowest
- d. None of these

**3. Urbanization causes many Social problems such as \_\_\_\_\_**

- a. Inflation
- b. Poverty
- c. Unemployment
- d. All of the above

**4. Urbanization in preindustrial cities was restricted by \_\_\_\_\_**

- a. Reliance on animal power as a source of energy
- b. The high levels of surplus produced by the agricultural sector
- c. The ease of migration to the city
- d. All of the above

**5. In comparison with industrial cities preindustrial cities had \_\_\_\_\_**

- a. Relatively open class systems
- b. Extensive social mobility
- c. A much more rigid division of labour by gender
- d. All of the above

**6. The trend toward urbanization is most advanced in \_\_\_\_\_**

- a. America
- b. England
- c. Japan
- d. None of these

P.T.O.

**7. Who described urbanism as a way of life?**

- a. Park
- b. Hawley
- c. Wirth
- d. Burgess

**8. Urban recycling is shorthand for \_\_\_\_\_**

- a. Encouraging existing residents to move out of an area
- b. Introducing local environmental strategies to an area
- c. The refurbishment or replacement of old buildings and land
- d. Providing incentives for urban dwellers to use public transport

**9. In past Pakistan's population had relatively \_\_\_\_\_ growth rate.**

- a. Low
- b. Medium
- c. High
- d. High none of these

**10. The shift of a population from the countryside to cities is called.....**

- a. Infrastructure
- b. Urbanization
- c. Land preservation
- d. An ecological footprint



**ATTEMPT THIS (SUBJECTIVE) ON THE SEPARATE ANSWER SHEET PROVIDED**

**Q.2. Questions with short answers.**

**(5x4=20)**

- i. Urbanization
- ii. Megalopolis
- iii. City
- iv. Town
- v. Katchi Abadies

**Q.3. Questions with brief answers.**

**(3x10=30)**

1. Highlight the main social problems of the cities in Pakistan and also suggest remedial measures to resolve those problems.
2. What is the origin of urban life? What factors have contributed to the rise and decline of cities? Write by giving examples from Pakistani society.
3. Discuss the meanings of human ecology and elaborate its relationship with urban sociology.